Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute to H.R. 1474

Offered by Mr. Bachus

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS; PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Check Clearing for the 21st Century Act".
- 4 (b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows:
- 5 (1) In the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 6 enacted on August 10, 1987, the Congress directed 7 the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-8 tem to consider establishing regulations requiring 9 Federal reserve banks and depository institutions to 10 provide for check truncation, in order to improve the
- 12 (2) In that same Act, the Congress—

check processing system.

(A) provided the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System with full authority to regulate all aspects of the payment system, in-



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1	cluding the receipt, payment, collection, and
2	clearing of checks, and related functions of the
3	payment system pertaining to checks; and
4	(B) directed that the exercise of such au-
5	thority by the Board superseded any State law,
6	including the Uniform Commercial Code, as in
7	effect in any State.
8	(3) Check truncation is no less desirable today
9	for both financial service customers and the financial
10	services industry, to reduce costs, improve efficiency
11	in check collections, and expedite funds availability
12	for customers than it was over 15 years ago when
13	Congress first directed the Board to consider estab-
14	lishing such a process.
15	(c) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are as fol-
16	lows:
17	(1) To facilitate check truncation by author-
18	izing substitute checks.
19	(2) To foster innovation in the check collection
20	system without mandating receipt of checks in elec-
21	tronic form.
22	(3) To improve the overall efficiency of the Na-
23	tion's payments system.



1	SEC. Z. DEFINITIONS.
2	For purposes of this Act, the following definitions
3	shall apply:
4	(1) ACCOUNT.—The term "account" means a
5	deposit account at a bank.
6	(2) BANK.—The term "bank" means any per-
7	son that is located in a State and engaged in the
8	business of banking and includes—
9	(A) any depository institution (as defined
10	in section $19(b)(1)(A)$ of the Federal Reserve
11	Act);
12	(B) any Federal reserve bank;
13	(C) any Federal home loan bank; or
14	(D) to the extent it acts as a payor—
15	(i) the Treasury of the United States;
16	(ii) the United States Postal Service;
17	(iii) a State government; or
18	(iv) a unit of general local government
19	(as defined in section 602(24) of the Expe-
20	dited Funds Availability Act).
21	(3) Banking terms.—
22	(A) CLAIMANT BANK.—The term "claim-
23	ant bank" means a bank that submits a claim
24	for recredit under section 7 to an indemnifying



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bank.

1	(B) COLLECTING BANK.—The term "col-
2	lecting bank" means any bank handling a check
3	for collection except the paying bank.
4	(C) Depositary bank.—The term "de-
5	positary bank" means—
6	(i) the first bank to which a check is
7	transferred, even if such bank is also the
8	paying bank or the payee; or
9	(ii) a bank to which a check is trans-
10	ferred for deposit in an account at such
11	bank, even if the check is physically re-
12	ceived and indorsed first by another bank.
13	(D) PAYING BANK.—The term "paying
14	bank'' means—
15	(i) the bank by which a check is pay-
16	able, unless the check is payable at or
17	through another bank and is sent to the
18	other bank for payment or collection; or
19	(ii) the bank at or through which a
20	check is payable and to which the check is
21	sent for payment or collection.
22	(E) RETURNING BANK.—
23	(i) IN GENERAL.—The term "return-
24	ing hank" means a bank (other than the



1	paying or depositary bank) handling a re-
2	turned check or notice in lieu of return.
3	(ii) Treatment as collecting
4	BANK.—No provision of this Act shall be
5	construed as affecting the treatment of a
6	returning bank as a collecting bank for
7	purposes of section 4-202(b) of the Uni-
8	form Commercial Code.
9	(4) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the
10	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
11	(5) Business day.—The term "business day"
12	has the same meaning as in section 602(3) of the
13	Expedited Funds Availability Act.
14	(6) CHECK.—The term "check"—
15	(A) means a draft, payable on demand and
16	drawn on or payable through or at an office of
17	a bank, whether or not negotiable, that is han-
18	dled for forward collection or return, including
19	a substitute check and a travelers check; and
20	(B) does not include a noncash item or an
21	item payable in a medium other than United
22	States dollars.
23	(7) CONSUMER.—The term "consumer" means
24	an individual who—



1	(A) with respect to a check handled for
2	forward collection, draws the check on a con-
3	sumer account; or
4	(B) with respect to a check handled for re-
5	turn, deposits the check into, or cashes the
6	check against, a consumer account.
7	(8) Consumer account.—The term "con-
8	sumer account" has the same meaning as in section
9	602(10) of the Expedited Funds Availability Act.
10	(9) Customer.—The term "customer" means
11	a person having an account with a bank.
12	(10) FORWARD COLLECTION.—The term "for-
13	ward collection" means the transfer by a bank of a
14	check to a collecting bank for settlement or the pay-
15	ing bank for payment.
16	(11) Indemnifying bank.—The term "indem-
17	nifying bank" means a bank that is providing an in-
18	demnity under section 5 with respect to a substitute
19	check.
20	(12) MICR LINE.—The terms "MICR line" and
21	"magnetic ink character recognition line" mean the
22	numbers, which may include the bank routing num-
23	her account number check number check amount

and other information, that are printed near the bot-



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1	tom of a check in magnetic ink in accordance with
2	generally applicable industry standards.
3	(13) Noncash Item.—The term "noncash
4	item" has the same meaning as in section $602(14)$
5	of the Expedited Funds Availability Act.
6	(14) Person.—The term "person" means a
7	natural person, corporation, unincorporated com-
8	pany, partnership, government unit or instrumen-
9	tality, trust, or any other entity or organization.
10	(15) RECONVERTING BANK.—The term "recon-
11	verting bank" means—
12	(A) the bank that creates a substitute
13	check; or
14	(B) if a substitute check is created by a
15	person other than a bank, the first bank that
16	transfers or presents such substitute check.
17	(16) Substitute Check.—The term "sub-
18	stitute check" means a paper reproduction of the
19	original check that—
20	(A) contains an image of the front and
21	back of the original check;
22	(B) bears a MICR line containing all the
23	information appearing on the MICR line of the
24	original check, except as provided under gen-

erally applicable industry standards for sub-



1	stitute checks to facilitate the processing of
2	substitute checks;
3	(C) conforms, in paper stock, dimension,
4	and otherwise, with generally applicable indus-
5	try standards for substitute checks; and
6	(D) is suitable for automated processing in
7	the same manner as the original check.
8	(17) STATE.—The term "State" has the same
9	meaning as in section 3(a)(3) of the Federal Deposit
10	Insurance Act.
11	(18) Truncate.—The term "truncate" means
12	to remove an original paper check from the check
13	collection or return process and send to a recipient,
14	in lieu of such original paper check, a substitute
15	check or, by agreement, information relating to the
16	original check (including data taken from the MICR
17	line of the original check or an electronic image of
18	the original check), whether with or without subse-
19	quent delivery of the original paper check.
20	(19) Uniform commercial code.—The term
21	"Uniform Commercial Code" means the Uniform
22	Commercial Code in effect in a State.
23	(20) Other terms.—Unless the context re-

quires otherwise, the terms not defined in this sec-



1	tion shall have the same meanings as in the Uniform
2	Commercial Code.
3	SEC. 3. GENERAL PROVISIONS GOVERNING SUBSTITUTE
4	CHECKS.
5	(a) No AGREEMENT REQUIRED.—A person may de-
6	posit, present, or send for collection or return a substitute
7	check without an agreement with the recipient, so long as
8	a bank has made the warranties in section 4 with respect
9	to such substitute check.
10	(b) Legal Equivalence.—A substitute check shall
11	be the legal equivalent of the original check for all pur-
12	poses, including any provision of any Federal or State law,
13	and for all persons if the substitute check—
14	(1) accurately represents all of the information
15	on the front and back of the original check as of the
16	time the original check was truncated; and
17	(2) bears the legend: "This is a legal copy of
18	your check. You can use it the same way you would
19	use the original check.".
20	(c) Endorsements.—A bank shall ensure that the
21	substitute check for which the bank is the reconverting
22	bank bears all endorsements applied by parties that pre-
23	viously handled the check (whether in electronic form or
24	in the form of the original paper check or a substitute

25 check) for forward collection or return.



- 1 (d) Identification of Reconverting Bank.—A
- 2 bank shall identify itself as a reconverting bank on any
- 3 substitute check for which the bank is a reconverting bank
- 4 so as to preserve any previous reconverting bank identi-
- 5 fications in conformance with generally applicable industry
- 6 standards.
- 7 (e) APPLICABLE LAW.—A substitute check that is
- 8 the legal equivalent of the original check under subsection
- 9 (b) shall be subject to any provision of part 229 of title
- 10 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Uniform Com-
- 11 mercial Code, and any other applicable Federal or State
- 12 law as if such substitute check were the original check,
- 13 to the extent such provision of law is not inconsistent with
- 14 this Act.

15 SEC. 4. SUBSTITUTE CHECK WARRANTIES.

- A bank that transfers, presents, or returns a sub-
- 17 stitute check and receives consideration for the check war-
- 18 rants, as a matter of law, to the transferee, any subse-
- 19 quent collecting or returning bank, the depositary bank,
- 20 the drawee, the drawer, the payee, the depositor, and any
- 21 endorser (regardless of whether the warrantee receives the
- 22 substitute check or another paper or electronic form of
- 23 the substitute check or original check) that—
- 24 (1) the substitute check meets all the require-
- 25 ments for legal equivalence under section 3(b); and



1	(2) no depositary bank, drawee, drawer, or en-
2	dorser will receive presentment or return of the sub-
3	stitute check, the original check, or a copy or other
4	paper or electronic version of the substitute check or
5	original check such that the bank, drawee, drawer,
6	or endorser will be asked to make a payment based
7	on a check that the bank, drawee, drawer, or en-
8	dorser has already paid.

9 SEC. 5. INDEMNITY.

10 (a) INDEMNITY.—A reconverting bank and each bank
11 that subsequently transfers, presents, or returns a sub12 stitute check in any electronic or paper form, and receives
13 consideration for such transfer, presentment, or return
14 shall indemnify the transferee, any subsequent collecting
15 or returning bank, the depositary bank, the drawee, the
16 drawer, the payee, the depositor, and any endorser, up to
17 the amount described in subsections (b) and (c), as appli18 cable, to the extent of any loss incurred by any recipient
19 of a substitute check if that loss occurred due to the re20 ceipt of a substitute check instead of the original check.

(b) INDEMNITY AMOUNT.—

(1) AMOUNT IN EVENT OF BREACH OF WAR-RANTY.—The amount of the indemnity under subsection (a) shall be the amount of any loss (including costs and reasonable attorney's fees and other



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1	expenses of representation) proximately caused by a
2	breach of a warranty provided under section 4.
3	(2) Amount in absence of breach of war-
4	RANTY.—In the absence of a breach of a warranty
5	provided under section 4, the amount of the indem-
6	nity under subsection (a) shall be the sum of—
7	(A) the amount of any loss, up to the
8	amount of the substitute check; and
9	(B) interest and expenses (including costs
10	and reasonable attorney's fees and other ex-
11	penses of representation).
12	(c) Comparative Negligence.—If a loss described
13	in subsection (a) results in whole or in part from the neg-
14	ligence or failure to act in good faith on the part of an
15	indemnified party, then that party's indemnification under
16	this section shall be reduced in proportion to the amount
17	of negligence or bad faith attributable to that party.
18	(d) Effect of Producing Original Check or
19	Copy.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the indemnifying bank
21	produces the original check or a copy of the original
22	check (including an image or a substitute check)
23	that accurately represents all of the information on
24	the front and back of the original check (as of the

time the original check was truncated) or is other-



1	wise sufficient to determine whether or not a claim
2	is valid, the indemnifying bank shall—
3	(A) be liable under this section only for
4	losses covered by the indemnity that are in-
5	curred up to the time the original check or such
6	copy is provided to the indemnified party; and
7	(B) have a right to the return of any funds
8	the bank has paid under the indemnity in ex-
9	cess of those losses.
10	(2) Coordination of indemnity with im-
11	PLIED WARRANTY.—The production of the original
12	check, a substitute check, or a sufficient copy under
13	paragraph (1) by an indemnifying bank shall not ab-
14	solve the bank from any liability on a warranty es-
15	tablished under this Act or any other provision of
16	law.
17	(e) Subrogation of Rights.—
18	(1) In GENERAL.—Each indemnifying bank
19	shall be subrogated to the rights of any indemnified
20	party to the extent of the indemnity.
21	(2) Recovery under warranty.—A bank
22	that indemnifies a party under this section may at-
23	tempt to recover from another party based on a war-

ranty or other claim.



1	(3) Duty of indemnified party.—Each in-
2	demnified party shall have a duty to comply with all
3	reasonable requests for assistance from an indem-
4	nifying bank in connection with any claim the in-
5	demnifying bank brings against a warrantor or other
6	party related to a check that forms the basis for the
7	indemnification.
8	SEC. 6. EXPEDITED RECREDIT FOR CONSUMERS.
9	(a) Recredit Claims.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—A consumer may make a
11	claim for expedited recredit from the bank that
12	holds the account of the consumer with respect to a
13	substitute check, if the consumer asserts in good
14	faith that—
15	(A) the bank charged the consumer's ac-
16	count for a substitute check that was provided
17	to the consumer;
18	(B) either—
19	(i) the check was not properly charged
20	to the consumer's account; or
21	(ii) the consumer has a warranty
22	claim with respect to such substitute
23	check;
24	(C) the consumer suffered a resulting loss;
25	and



1	(D) the production of the original check or
2	a better copy of the original check is necessary
3	to determine the validity of any claim described
4	in subparagraph (B).
5	(2) 30-DAY PERIOD.—Any claim under para-
6	graph (1) with respect to a consumer account may
7	be submitted by a consumer before the end of the
8	30-day period beginning on the later of—
9	(A) the date on which the consumer re-
10	ceives the periodic statement of account for
11	such account which contains information con-
12	cerning the transaction giving rise to the claim;
13	or
14	(B) the date the substitute check is made
15	available to the consumer.
16	(3) Extension under extenuating cir-
17	CUMSTANCES.—If the consumer's ability to submit
18	the claim within the 30-day period under paragraph
19	(2) is delayed due to extenuating circumstances, in-
20	cluding extended travel or the illness of the con-
21	sumer, the 30-day period shall be extended for a
22	total not to exceed 30 additional days.
23	(b) Procedures for Claims.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—To make a claim for an ex-
25	pedited recredit under subsection (a) with respect to



1	a substitute check, the consumer shall provide to the
2	bank that holds the account of such consumer—
3	(A) a description of the claim, including an
4	explanation of—
5	(i) why the substitute check was not
6	properly charged to the consumer's ac-
7	count; or
8	(ii) the warranty claim with respect to
9	such check;
10	(B) a statement that the consumer suf-
11	fered a loss and an estimate of the amount of
12	the loss;
13	(C) the reason why production of the origi-
14	nal check or a better copy of the original check
15	is necessary to determine the validity of the
16	charge to the consumer's account or the war-
17	ranty claim; and
18	(D) sufficient information to identify the
19	substitute check and to investigate the claim.
20	(2) CLAIM IN WRITING.—The bank holding the
21	consumer account that is the subject of a claim by
22	the consumer under subsection (a) may, in the dis-
23	cretion of the bank, require the consumer to submit
24	the information required under paragraph (1) in



writing.

(c) Recredit to Consumer.— 1 2 (1) Conditions for recredit.—The bank shall recredit a consumer account in accordance with 3 4 paragraph (2) for the amount of a substitute check that was charged against the consumer account if— 5 6 (A) a consumer submits a claim to the 7 bank with respect to that substitute check that meets the requirement of subsection (b); and 8 9 (B) the bank has not provided to the consumer the original check, a substitute check, or 10 11 a copy of the original check and demonstrates 12 that the substitute check was properly charged to the consumer's account. 13 14 (2) Timing of recredit.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The bank shall recredit 15 the consumer's account for the amount de-16 17 scribed in paragraph (1) no later than the end 18 of the business day following the business day 19 on which the bank determines the consumer's 20 claim is valid. 21 (B) RECREDIT **PENDING INVESTIGA-**22 TION.—If the bank has not yet determined that the consumer's claim is valid before the end of 23 24 the 10th business day after the business day on

which the consumer submitted the claim, the



1	bank shall recredit the consumer's account
2	for—
3	(i) the lesser of the amount of the
4	substitute check that was charged against
5	the consumer account, or \$2,500, together
6	with interest if the account is an interest-
7	bearing account, no later than the end of
8	such 10th business day; and
9	(ii) the remaining amount of the sub-
10	stitute check that was charged against the
11	consumer account, if any, together with in-
12	terest if the account is an interest-bearing
13	account, not later than the 45th calendar
14	day following the business day on which
15	the consumer submits the claim.
16	(d) Availability of Recredit.—
17	(1) Next business day availability.—Ex-
18	cept as provided in paragraph (2), a bank that pro-
19	vides a recredit to a consumer account under sub-
20	section (c) shall make the recredited funds available
21	for withdrawal by the consumer by the start of the
22	next business day after the business day on which
23	the bank recredits the consumer's account under



subsection (c).

1	(2) Safeguard exceptions.—A bank may
2	delay availability to a consumer of a recredit pro-
3	vided under subsection (c)(2)(B)(i) until the start of
4	either the business day following the business day on
5	which the bank determines that the consumer's
6	claim is valid or the 45th calendar day following the
7	business day on which the consumer submits a claim
8	for such recredit in accordance with subsection (b),
9	whichever is earlier, in any of the following cir-
10	cumstances:
11	(A) NEW ACCOUNTS.—The claim is made
12	during the 30-day period beginning on the busi-
13	ness day the consumer account was established.
14	(B) Repeated overdrafts.—Without
15	regard to the charge that is the subject of the
16	claim for which the recredit was made—
17	(i) on 6 or more business days during
18	the 6-month period ending on the date on
19	which the consumer submits the claim, the
20	balance in the consumer account was nega-
21	tive or would have become negative if
22	checks or other charges to the account had
23	been paid; or
24	(ii) on 2 or more business days during

such 6-month period, the balance in the



1	consumer account was negative or would
2	have become negative in the amount of
3	\$5,000 or more if checks or other charges
4	to the account had been paid.
5	(C) Prevention of fraud losses.—The
6	bank has reasonable cause to believe that the
7	claim is fraudulent, based on facts (other than
8	the fact that the check in question or the con-
9	sumer is of a particular class) that would cause
10	a well-grounded belief in the mind of a reason-
11	able person that the claim is fraudulent.
12	(3) OVERDRAFT FEES.—No bank that, in ac-
13	cordance with paragraph (2), delays the availability
14	of a recredit under subsection (c) to any consumer
15	account may impose any overdraft fees with respect
16	to drafts drawn by the consumer on such recredited
17	amount before the end of the 5-day period beginning
18	on the date notice of the delay in the availability of
19	such amount is sent by the bank to the consumer.
20	(e) REVERSAL OF RECREDIT.—A bank may reverse
21	a recredit to a consumer account if the bank—
22	(1) determines that a substitute check for which
23	the bank recredited a consumer account under sub-
24	section (c) was in fact properly charged to the con-



sumer account; and

1	(2) notifies the consumer in accordance with
2	subsection (f)(3).
3	(f) Notice to Consumer.—
4	(1) Notice if consumer claim not valid.—
5	If a bank determines that a substitute check subject
6	to the consumer's claim was in fact properly charged
7	to the consumer's account, the bank shall send to
8	the consumer, no later than the business day fol-
9	lowing the business day on which the bank makes a
10	determination—
11	(A) the original check or a copy of the
12	original check (including an image or a sub-
13	stitute check) that—
14	(i) accurately represents all of the in-
15	formation on the front and back of the
16	original check (as of the time the original
17	check was truncated); or
18	(ii) is otherwise sufficient to deter-
19	mine whether or not the consumer's claim
20	is valid; and
21	(B) an explanation of the basis for the de-
22	termination by the bank that the substitute
23	check was properly charged, including copies of
24	any information or documents on which the

bank relied in making the determination.



1	(2) NOTICE OF RECREDIT.—If a bank recredits
2	a consumer account under subsection (c), the bank
3	shall send to the consumer, no later than the busi-
4	ness day following the business day on which the
5	bank makes the recredit, a notice of—
6	(A) the amount of the recredit; and
7	(B) the date the recredited funds will be
8	available for withdrawal.
9	(3) Notice of reversal of recredit.—In
10	addition to the notice required under paragraph (1),
11	if a bank reverses a recredited amount under sub-
12	section (e), the bank shall send to the consumer, no
13	later than the business day following the business
14	day on which the bank reverses the recredit, a notice
15	of—
16	(A) the amount of the reversal; and
17	(B) the date the recredit was reversed.
18	(4) Mode of delivery.—A notice described in
19	this subsection shall be delivered by United States
20	mail or by any other means through which the con-
21	sumer has agreed to receive account information.
22	(g) OTHER CLAIMS NOT AFFECTED.—Providing a
23	recredit in accordance with this section shall not absolve
24	the bank from liability for a claim made under any other
25	law, such as a claim for wrongful dishonor under the Uni-



1	form Commercial Code, or from liability for additional
2	damages under section 5 or 9.
3	(h) Scope of Application.—This section shall only
4	apply to customers who are consumers.
5	SEC. 7. EXPEDITED RECREDIT PROCEDURES FOR BANKS.
6	(a) Recredit Claims.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—A bank may make a claim
8	against an indemnifying bank for expedited recredit
9	for which that bank is indemnified if—
10	(A) the claimant bank (or a bank that the
11	claimant bank has indemnified) has received a
12	claim for expedited recredit from a consumer
13	under section 6 with respect to a substitute
14	check or would have been subject to such a
15	claim had the consumer's account been charged
16	(B) the claimant bank has suffered a re-
17	sulting loss or is obligated to recredit a con-
18	sumer account under section 6 with respect to
19	such substitute check; and
20	(C) production of the original check, an-
21	other substitute check, or a better copy of the
22	original check is necessary to determine the va-
23	lidity of the charge to the customer account or
24	any warranty claim connected with such sub-

stitute check.



1	(2) 120-day period.—Any claim under para-
2	graph (1) may be submitted by the claimant bank
3	to an indemnifying bank before the end of the 120-
4	day beginning on the date of the transaction that
5	gave rise to the claim.
6	(b) Procedures for Claims.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—To make a claim under sub-
8	section (a) for an expedited recredit relating to a
9	substitute check, the claimant bank shall send to the
10	indemnifying bank—
11	(A) a description of—
12	(i) the claim, including an explanation
13	of why the substitute check cannot be
14	properly charged to the consumer account;
15	or
16	(ii) the warranty claim;
17	(B) a statement that the claimant bank
18	has suffered a loss or is obligated to recredit
19	the consumer's account under section 6, to-
20	gether with an estimate of the amount of the
21	loss or recredit;
22	(C) the reason why production of the origi-
23	nal check, another substitute check, or a better
24	copy of the original check is necessary to deter-



1	mine the validity of the charge to the consumer
2	account or the warranty claim; and
3	(D) information sufficient for the indem-
4	nifying bank to identify the substitute check
5	and to investigate the claim.
6	(2) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO COPIES OF
7	SUBSTITUTE CHECKS.—If the information submitted
8	by a claimant bank pursuant to paragraph (1) in
9	connection with a claim for an expedited recredit in-
10	cludes a copy of any substitute check for which any
11	such claim is made, the claimant bank shall take
12	reasonable steps to ensure that any such copy can-
13	not be—
14	(A) mistaken for the legal equivalent of the
15	check under section 3(b); or
16	(B) sent or handled by any bank, including
17	the indemnifying bank, as a forward collection
18	or returned check.
19	(3) CLAIM IN WRITING.—An indemnifying bank
20	may, in the bank's discretion, require the claimant
21	bank to submit in writing the information required
22	by paragraph (1), including a copy of the written
23	claim, if any, that the consumer submitted in ac-
24	cordance with section 6(b).

(c) RECREDIT BY INDEMNIFYING BANK.—



1	(1) PROMPT ACTION REQUIRED.—No later than
2	10 business days after the business day on which an
3	indemnifying bank receives a claim under subsection
4	(a) from a claimant bank with respect to a sub-
5	stitute check, the indemnifying bank shall—
6	(A) provide, to the claimant bank, the
7	original check (with respect to such substitute
8	check) or a copy of the original check (including
9	an image or a substitute check) that—
10	(i) accurately represents all of the in-
11	formation on the front and back of the
12	original check (as of the time the original
13	check was truncated); or
14	(ii) is otherwise sufficient to deter-
15	mine the bank's claim is not valid; and
16	(B) recredit the claimant bank for the
17	amount of the claim up to the amount of the
18	substitute check, plus interest if applicable; or
19	(C) provide information to the claimant
20	bank as to why the indemnifying bank is not
21	obligated to comply with subparagraph (A) or
22	(B).
23	(2) Recredit does not abrogate other li-
24	ABILITIES.—Providing a recredit under this sub-

section to a claimant bank with respect to a sub-



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stitute check shall not absolve the indemnifying bank from liability for claims brought under any other law or from additional damages under section 5 or 9 with respect to such check.

(3) Refund to indemnifying bank.—If a claimant bank reverses, in accordance with section 6(e), a recredit previously made to a consumer account under section 6(c), or otherwise receives a credit or recredit with regard to such substitute check, the claimant bank shall promptly refund to any indemnifying bank any amount previously advanced by the indemnifying bank in connection with such substitute check.

(d) Production of Original Check or a Sufficient Copy Governed by Section 5(d).—If the indemnifying bank provides the claimant bank with the original check or a copy of the original check (including an image or a substitute check) under subsection (c)(1)(A), section 5(d) shall govern any right of the indemnifying bank to any repayment of any funds the indemnifying bank has recredited to the claimant bank pursuant to subsection (c).

22 SEC. 8. DELAYS IN AN EMERGENCY.

Delay by a bank beyond the time limits prescribed or permitted by this Act is excused if the delay is caused by interruption of communication or computer facilities,



1	suspension of payments by another bank, war, emergency
2	conditions, failure of equipment, or other circumstances
3	beyond the control of a bank and if the bank uses such
4	diligence as the circumstances require.
5	SEC. 9. MEASURE OF DAMAGES.
6	(a) Liability.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sec-
8	tion 5, any person who, in connection with a sub-
9	stitute check, breaches any warranty under this Act
10	or fails to comply with any requirement imposed by,
11	or regulation prescribed pursuant to, this Act with
12	respect to any other person shall be liable to such
13	person in an amount equal to the sum of—
14	(A) the lesser of—
15	(i) the amount of the loss suffered by
16	the other person as a result of the breach
17	or failure; or
18	(ii) the amount of the substitute
19	check; and
20	(B) interest and expenses (including costs
21	and reasonable attorney's fees and other ex-
22	penses of representation) related to the sub-
23	stitute check.
24	(2) Offset of recredits.—The amount of
25	damages any person receives under paragraph (1), if



1	any, shall be reduced by the amount, if any, that the
2	claimant receives and retains as a recredit under
3	section 6 or 7.
4	(b) Comparative Negligence.—If a person incurs
5	damages that resulted in whole or in part from the neg-
6	ligence or failure of that person to act in good faith, then
7	the amount of any liability due to that person under sub-
8	section (a) shall be reduced in proportion to the amount
9	of negligence or bad faith attributable to that person.
10	SEC. 10. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS AND NOTICE OF CLAIM
11	(a) Actions Under This Act.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—An action to enforce a claim
13	under this Act may be brought in any United States
14	district court, or in any other court of competent ju-
15	risdiction, before the end of the 1-year period begin-
16	ning on the date the cause of action accrues.
17	(2) ACCRUAL.—A cause of action accrues as of
18	the date the injured party first learns, or by which
19	such person reasonably should have learned, of the
20	facts and circumstances giving rise to the cause of
21	action.
22	(b) DISCHARGE OF CLAIMS.—Except as provided in
23	subsection (c), unless a person gives notice of a claim to
24	the indemnifying or warranting bank within 30 days after

25 the person has reason to know of the claim and the iden-



tity of the indemnifying or warranting bank, the indemnifying or warranting bank is discharged to the extent of 3 any loss caused by the delay in giving notice of the claim. 4 (c) Notice of Claim by Consumer.—A timely claim by a consumer under section 6 for expedited recredit constitutes timely notice of a claim by the consumer for purposes of subsection (b). 8 SEC. 11. CONSUMER AWARENESS. 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each bank shall provide, in accordance with subsection (b), a brief notice about sub-10 stitute checks that describes— 12 (1) the process of check substitution and how 13 the process may be different than the check clearing 14 process with which the consumer may be familiar; 15 and 16 a description of the consumer recredit 17 rights established under section 6 when a consumer 18 believes in good faith that a substitute check was 19 not properly charged to the consumer's account. 20 (b) DISTRIBUTION.— 21 (1) Existing customers.—With respect to 22 consumers that are customers of a bank on the effective date of this Act, a bank shall provide the no-23

tice described in subsection (a) to each such con-

sumer no later than the first regularly scheduled



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1	communication with the consumer after the effective
2	date of this Act.
3	(2) New account holders.—A bank shall
4	provide the notice described in subsection (a) to each
5	consumer, other than existing customers referred to
6	in paragraph (1), at the time at which the customer
7	relationship is initiated.
8	(3) Mode of delivery.—A bank may send
9	the notices required by this subsection by United
10	States mail or by any other means through which
11	the consumer has agreed to receive account informa-
12	tion.
13	(c) Model Language.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—No later than 1 year after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, the Board shall
16	publish model forms and clauses that a depository
17	institution may use to describe each of the elements
18	required by subsection (a).
19	(2) SAFE HARBOR.—A bank shall be treated as
20	being in compliance with the requirements of sub-
21	section (a) if the bank's substitute check notice uses
22	a model form or clause published by the Board and
23	such model form or clause accurately describes the

bank's policies and practices. A bank may delete any



- information in the model form or clause that is not required by this Act or rearrange the format.
- 3 (3) Use of model language not re-
- 4 QUIRED.—This section shall not be construed as re-
- 5 quiring any bank to use a model form or clause that
- 6 the Board prepares under this subsection.

7 SEC. 12. EFFECT ON OTHER LAW.

- 8 This Act shall supersede any provision of Federal or
- 9 State law, including the Uniform Commercial Code, that
- 10 is inconsistent with this Act, but only to the extent of the
- 11 inconsistency.
- 12 SEC. 13. VARIATION BY AGREEMENT.
- 13 (a) Section 7.—Any provision of section 7 may be
- 14 varied by agreement of the banks involved.
- 15 (b) No Other Provisions May Be Varied.—Ex-
- 16 cept as provided in subsection (a), no provision of this Act
- 17 may be varied by agreement of any person or persons.
- 18 SEC. 14. REGULATIONS.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Board may, by regulation,
- 20 clarify or otherwise implement the provisions of this Act
- 21 or may modify the requirements imposed by this Act with
- 22 respect to substitute checks to further the purposes of this
- 23 Act, including reducing risk, accommodating technological
- 24 or other developments, and alleviating undue compliance
- 25 burdens.



1	(b) Board Monitoring of Check Collection
2	AND RETURN PROCESS; ADJUSTMENT OF TIME PERI-
3	ODS.—
4	(1) Monitoring of Check collection and
5	RETURN PROCESS.—The Board shall monitor the ex-
6	tent to which—
7	(A) original checks are converted to sub-
8	stitute checks in the check collection and return
9	process, and
10	(B) checks are collected and returned elec-
11	tronically rather than in paper form.
12	(2) Adjustment of time periods.—The
13	Board shall exercise the Board's authority under
14	section 603(d)(1) of the Expedited Funds Avail-
15	ability Act to reduce the time periods applicable
16	under subsections (b) and (e) of section 603 of such
17	Act for making funds available for withdrawal, when
18	warranted.
19	(c) Publication of Schedule by Board for
20	CHECK TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.—Section 11A(b) of
21	the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248a(b)) is
22	amended—
23	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
24	(7):



1	(2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as para-
2	graph (9); and
3	(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
4	lowing new paragraph:
5	"(8) check transportation services; and".
6	SEC. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE.
7	This Act shall take effect at the end of the 18-month
8	period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
9	except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act.

